

NIFT B.DES

SAMPLE PAPER



NAME
BATCH
DATE

TOTAL MARKS- 100 TIME-3 HOURS

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

NO MOBILE PHONES ARE ALLOWED DURING THE EXAM
YOUR IDEA GENERATION AND EXECUTION WILL BE
APPRECIATED

NO EXTRA MARKS WILL BE GIVEN IF ANY WORK EXCEEDS
THE LIMIT

ALL THE QUESTIONS ARE CUMPULSARY

Directions (Questions 1-25): Study the passages below to answer the questions that follow each passage.

Passage 1

The New Year is a time for resolutions. Mentally at least, most of us could compile formidable lists of do's and don'ts. The same old favourites recur year in and year out with monotonous regularity. Past experience has taught us that certain accomplishments are beyond attainment. If we remain inveterate smokers, it is only because we have so often experienced the frustration that results from failure. Most of us fail in our efforts at self improvement because our schemes are too ambitious and we never have time to carry them out. We also make the fundamental error of announcing our resolutions to everybody so that we look even more foolish when we slip back into our old bad ways.

1. The author seems to think that others

- (a) feel happy when we slip back to our old ways
- (b) do not really want us to improve ourselves
- (c) are ready to tease and laugh at our attempts if we fail
- (d) might embarrass us by praising our attempts

2. The author says that most of us fail in our attempts at self-improvement because

- (a) we set too high ambitions for ourselves
- (b) we do not have the persistence of mind
- (c) our nature is such that we cannot become perfect
- (d) certain imperfections have become a part and parcel of our lives

3. The author seems to imply that many are inveterate smokers because

- (a) they have not really tried to give up smoking
- (b) they know from past experience that they can never succeed in their attempt to give up
- (c) they want to forget the frustration of not smoking
- (d) they do not have the will power to stop smoking

4. The same old favourites recur ... with monotonous regularity' implies that

- (a) we want to be so perfect that we include some items regularly
- (b) we have been so regularly doing certain things that they have become monotonous
- (c) in spite of repeated failures, we still would like to try one more time
- (d) some favourite actions if repeated often could become monotonous

5. The phrase 'formidable lists of do's and don'ts' means that

- (a) the bad points of our character are formidable
- (b) the list is so long that it is frightening
- (c) the things that need to be included is frightening
- (d) the realisation that we are so imperfect is frightening

PASSAGE 2

Deriving your authority from the government, your position would secure the respect and consideration of everyone, especially in a service where official rank carries so much weight. This would secure to you every attention and comfort on your way and there, together with a complete submission to your orders. I know these things are a matter of indifference to you except so far as they may further the great objects you have in view, but they are of importance in themselves, and of every importance to those who have a right to take an interest in your personal position and comfort.

6. The above passage most probably is a part of a
 - (a) speech (b) official communication
 - (c) written report (d) personal letter
7. The writer's attitude towards the person addressed is characterised by
 - (a) officiousness (b) flattery
 - (c) humility (d) arrogance
8. The person addressed is most likely a
 - (a) social worker (b) government servant
 - (c) commercial agent (d) foreign dignitary
9. The writer is asking his reader to accept
 - (a) great objects (b) a respected position
 - (c) an official rank (d) a significant assignment
10. 'The great objects' in the passage means
 - (a) Significant items (b) Noble goals
 - (c) Precious merchandise (d) Objects of praise

PASSAGE 3

While I stood drinking in the beauty of this placid scene I became conscious of an alteration. In a moment the sole porter emerged from his midday nap, operated a signal that clanked noisily into position, and then ambled slowly towards me for my return- half-ticket, whilst I remarked that his red amiable face and easy-going gait were in perfect harmony with the tranquil surroundings. A wisp of smoke on the horizon with a dark snake crawling beneath it announced the approach of the train. As it

drew nearer, the deep silence of the place was gradually displaced by a creaking of brakes and a hissing of steam. Save for myself, no one entered the train and no one alighted. The porter with leisurely expertness, trundled a couple of milk churns on board, the door was slammed, the guard signalled to the driver, and we moved off, leaving the small station once more to its drowsy silence.

11. The meaning of drowsy is

- (a) Untidy (b) Sleepy
- (c) Freezing (d) Drugged

12. The central idea of the passage is

- (a) Leisure and Peace (b) Hurry and Noise
- (c) Activity (d) The Porter

13. Who had a midday nap ?

- (a) The author (b) The passenger
- (c) The Station-master (d) The porter

14. Who/what does first break the silence of the station ?

- (a) The train (b) The porter
- (c) The passenger (d) Milk churns

15. What does the author suggest by the word 'placid' ?

- (a) The scene was filled with noise of the train
- (b) The place was filled with lively humanity
- (c) The place was quite and lonely
- (d) The horizon looked smoke laden

PASSAGE 4

It happened one day, about noon, going towards my boat, I was exceedingly surprised with the print of a man's naked foot on the shore, which was very plain to be seen in the sand. I stood like one thunder-struck, or as if I had seen an apparition. I listened, I looked round me, I could hear nothing, nor see anything. I went up the shore, and down the shore, but it was all one; I could see no other impression but that one. I went to it again to see if there were any more, and to observe if it might not be my fancy; but there was no room for that, for there was exactly the very print of a foot toes, heel and every part of a foot.

16. The passage is full of short simple sentences. Their purpose is to

- (a) facilitate easy understanding
- (b) give a plain narration

(c) convey breathless excitement

(d) imply the inability of the author to write in a better way

17. Which one of these expressions best brings out the effect of the foot-print on the author?

(a) Seen an apparition

(b) Stood like one thunder-struck

(c) Went up the shore

(d) Looked round himself

18. How does the author convince himself that the foot-print is a real one ?

(a) By finding the person who made it

(b) By being told about it by a witness

(c) By thinking about it for some time

(d) By examining it carefully and noticing its details

19. Which one of the following words best describes the emotion evoked by the footprint in the author ?

(a) Curiosity (b) Indifference

(c) Fear (d) Surprise

20. On finding the foot-print on the shore, what did the author do ?

(a) Did not pay much attention to it

(b) Observed it with curiosity

(c) Began to investigate its origin

(d) Ran away in fear

PASSAGE 5

He dropped off to sleep. The cigarette slipped out of his mouth and burnt a great black hole in his only shirt. The smart of the burn awoke him, and he got up, cursing under his breath, and fumbled in the dark for a needle in order to sew up the hole. Otherwise his wife would see it in the morning and would hag away at him for a couple of hours. But he could not find a needle. He fell asleep again.

21. Which one of the following statements best sums up the man's reaction to his problem?

(a) The man is extremely upset to find the shirt burnt and frantically tries to repair the damage

(b) The hole in the shirt and the wife's anticipated nagging are minor problems, the greater one is that the man cannot find a needle

(c) Neither the shirt hole nor the nagging nor the lack of a needle is of great consequence

(d) The man is terrified of his wife and dreads her discovering the burnt shirt

22. The man wanted to sew the hole because

(a) he wanted to avoid being scolded by his wife

(b) he had nothing else to do

(c) he had no other shirt

(d) he wanted to sleep again

23. The man got up to search for a needle because

(a) his wife would be very upset

(b) the cigarette had damaged his only shirt

(c) he wanted to mend the shirt

(d) the burn-hole was huge and black

24. The man woke up in the dark because

(a) the cigarette had burnt his favourite shirt

(b) the cigarette had burnt his only shirt

(c) the cigarette had to be lit again

(d) the cigarette had burnt him

25. The cigarette fell out of the man's mouth because

(a) he fell off his stool

(b) he was surprised to see that it had made a hole in his shirt

(c) he fell asleep while smoking

(d) he fumbled in the dark for a needle

Directions (Questions 26-30): Fill in the blank.

26. My teacher was _____ us for being late.

(a) annoyed at (b) annoyed with

(c) annoyed about (d) annoys

27. Sandhya _____ me from the top of the house.

(a) shouted to (b) shouted at

(c) shouted on (d) shouted

28. Ravi has the habit of _____ a headache.

- (a) complaining (b) complain
(c) complaining to (d) complaining of

29. I always want to go alone for a ride, but my mother _____ going with my brother.

- (a) insists (b) insists on
(c) insists in (d) insisted

30. The new student found it difficult to _____ with his classmates.

- (a) get along (b) get among
(c) get well (d) get up

Directions (Questions 31-35) : In this Section, a number of sentences are given. The sentences are underlined in three separate parts and each one is labelled (a), (b) and (c). Read each sentence to find out whether there is an error in any underlined part. No sentence has more than one error. When you find an error in any one of the underlined parts (a), (b) or (c), indicate your response on the separate Answer Sheet at the appropriate space. You may feel that there is no error in a sentence. In that case, letter (d) will signify a 'No error' response.

31. Old age and infirmity (a) / had began to (b) / catch up with him. (c) / No error. (d)

32. Its colour makes (a) / the moth undistinguished (b) / from the branch it rests on. (c) / No error. (d)

33. With only a week (a) / to go for the election (b) / things are really hotting up. (c) / No error. (d)

34. Romanticism of melancholy (a) / in art and literature are the reasons (b) / for insensitivity of those suffering from depression. (c) / No error. (d)

35. Taking life as it comes, (a) / I am someone who thrives one challenges and believe that my purpose in life (b) / is to give one hundred percent to very opportunity that comes my way. (c) / No error. (d)

Directions (Questions 36-40) : In each of the following questions, out of the given alternatives, choose the one which is most nearly opposite in meaning to the underlined word.

36. Poisonous gases emitted from factories contaminate the air we breathe in.

- (a) sanctify (b) invigorate
(c) taint (d) purify

37. Reckless driving causes accidents.

- (a) careful (b) slow
(c) good (d) correct

38. He often went to the theatre.

- (a) seldom (b) rarely

(c) sometimes (d) occasionally

39. He is frugal in his spending.

(a) economical (b) extravagant

(c) miserly (d) greedy

40. The students expected an eminent scientist to inaugurate the programme.

(a) illustrious (b) notorious

(c) intelligent (d) unknown

Directions (Questions 41-45) : In each of the following questions, out of the given alternatives, Choose the one which is nearest in meaning to the underlined word of the sentence.

41. I never believed that it was the authentic signature of the Prime Minister.

(a) hand-written (b) genuine

(c) proper (d) authoritative

42. Valiant Vicky used to boast of his bravery to his beloved wife.

(a) cry (b) abuse

(c) hate (d) brag

43. I can no longer be satisfied with fictitious good conduct.

(a) based on facts

(b) based on imagination

(c) based on works of fiction

(d) based on feudal ties

44. Mass murder is very often a result of communal frenzy.

(a) patricide (b) fratricide

(c) regicide (d) genocide

45. The two executioners approached the tree with a red-mark on its side.

(a) executive engineers

(b) explorers

(c) experimenters

(d) those who inflict capital punishment

Directions (Questions 46-50) : In each of these questions, out of the given group of words, choose the correctly spelt word.

46. (a) Accommodate (b) Accomodate

(c) Accomdate (d) Acomodait

47. (a) Reccomand (b) Recommend

(c) Recommend (d) Reccomand

48. (a) Argyument (b) Argument

(c) Arguement (d) Argyooment

49. (a) Decisive (b) Desicive

(c) Descisive (d) Desisive

50. (a) Aggressive (b) Agresive

(c) Agressive (d) Aggressive

51. The least number of five digits which has 123 as a factor is

a)10037 (b) 10063 c) 10081 (d) 10086

52. The L.C.M. of two numbers is 2079 and their H.C.F. is 27. If one of the numbers is 189, the other number is

a)189 (b) 216 c) 297 (d) 584

53. $38\% \text{ of } 7500 + ? \% \text{ of } 375 = 50\% \text{ of } 6000$

a) 50 b)40 c)60 d)45

54. The average of 50 numbers is 38. If two numbers namely 45 and 55 are discarded, then the average of the remaining numbers is

a)32.5 (b) 35 c) 36 (d) 37.5

55. A's age is 120% of what it was 15 years ago, But 75 % of what it will be after 15 years. What is his present age?

a)50 b)45 c)65 d)56

56. If 8% of x is the same as 4% of y, then 20% of x is the same as:

a)10% of y b) 16% of y

c)80% of y d) 50% of y

57. A team played 40 games in a Season and won in 24 of them. What percent of games played did the team win?

a)70% b) 40% c)60% d) 35%

58. By selling a car for 64,000, Mr. Rao lost 20%. Then the cost price of the car is :

a)72,000 b) 76,800 c)80,000 d) 84,000

59. A person sells 400 mangoes at the cost price of 320 mangoes. His percentage of loss is

a)10% b)15% c)20% d)25%

60. If $A : B = 2 : 3$, $B : C = 2 : 4$ and $C : D = 2 : 5$, then $A : D$ is equal to :

a)2 : 15 b) 2 : 5 c)1 : 5 d) 3 : 5

61. If 12 men or 24 boys can do a work in 66 days, the number of days in which 15 Men and 6 boys can do it is

a)44 b) 33 c)55 d) 66

62. A speed of 30.6 km/hr is the same as

a)8.5 m/sec. b) 10 m/sec.

c)12 m/sec. d) 15.5 m/sec

63. A farmer travelled a distance of 61 km in 9 hours. He travelled partly on foot at the rate 4 kmph and partly on bicycle at the rate 9 kmph. The distance travelled on foot is

a) 16 km b) 14 km c) 17 km d) 15 km

64. In a mixture of 25 litres, the ratio of milk and water is 3: 2 respectively. Another 6 litres of water and 5 litres of milk are added in that mixture. Find milk is how much percent of water in the new mixture?

a) 150% b). 75% c) 100% d). 125%

65. The compound interest on a certain sum of money for 2 years at 5% is 328, Then the sum is

a)3000 b) 3600 c)3200 d) 3400

66. The average age of 20 students in a class is 21. If the age of teacher is included then average increases by 2yr. Find the age of teacher?

a) 60yr b) 63yr c) 66yr d) 61yr

67. Two numbers are in the ratio 2: 3. If 20% of the smaller number added to 20 is equal to the sum of 10% of the larger number and 25, then the smaller number is

a)100 b)160 c)180 d) 200

68. The average of four consecutive even numbers is 15. The 2nd highest number is

a)12 (b) 14 c)16 (d) 18

69. The HCF of two numbers 12906 and 14818 is 478. Their LCM is

a) 400086 b) 200043

c) 600129 d) 800172

70. Among the following statements, the statement which is not correct is

a) Natural number is an integer.

b) Natural number is a real number.

c) Every real number is a rational number.

d) Every integer is a rational number.

Directions(Q 71-73) : Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given beside.
In a certain code language,

‘Reach Is For Stars’ is written as ‘su rd mo lp’

‘Nothing Is Out Of Reach’ is written as ‘ka su hu lk lp’

‘For Love Of Life’ is written as ‘lk mo go ma’

‘Nothing Like Life Is’ is written as ‘lp go hu ne’

71. Which of the following is the code for ‘Love Like Stars’ in the given code language?

A . Ma go lp

B . Lk rd ne

C. Ne su mo

D. Rd ne ma

E. None of these

72. Which of the following is the code for ‘Love Nothing’ in the given code language?

A. Lp go

B. Mo ne

C. Ma hu

D. Lk go

E. None of these

73. What does the code ‘ne’ stand for in the given code language?

A. Nothing

B. Like

C. Life

D. Is

E. None of these

Directions (Questions 74-75) Complete the series by replacing '?'

74. 120, 99, 80, 63, 48, ?

A. 35

B. 38

C. 39

D. 40

75. 125, 80, 45, 20, ?

A. 5

B. 8

C. 10

D. 12

DIRECTIONS (Q 76-78) Find the correct alternative in each question.

76. Smoke: pollution: war:?

(a) victory (b) peace

(c) treaty (d) destruction

77. Oasis: Sand:: Island : ?

(a) River (b) Sea

(c) Water (d) Waves

78. Thunder: Rain:: Night:?

(a) Day (b) Dusk

(c) Darkness (d) Evening

DIRECTIONS (Q 79-80)

79. How many such pairs of letters are there in the word BEHAVIOUR each of which has as many letters between them in the word as in the English alphabet?

A. None B. One C. Two

D. Three E. More than three

80. In a certain language, RANDOM is coded as TOPFAO, PLEASE is coded as RNEEUA then find the code for "ORANGE"?

- A. TEPIOA B. OTEPIA C. IPETOA
- D. TEPOIA E. ATEPIO

81. Y is in the East of X which is in the North of Z. If P is in the South of Z, then in which direction of Y, is P?

- A. North
- B. South
- C. South-East
- D. None of these

82. Village Q is to the North of the village P. The village R is in the East of Village Q. The village S is to the left of the village P. In which direction is the village S with respect to village R?

- A. West
- B. South-West
- C. South
- D. North-West

83. In a row of 60 persons, Ganesh is 26th from left end. Find out his position from the right end.

- a) 35 b) 36 c) 34 d) Can't be determined

84. Four letter-cluster have been given, out of which three are alike in some manner and one is different. Select the odd letter-cluster.

- A) UXA
- b) GJM
- c) FIL
- d) YBD

85. Four words have been given, out of which three are alike in some manner and one is different. Select the odd one out.

- A) Jenny
- b) Boar
- c) Jack
- d) Bull

86. Fatehpur Sikri is located in _____.

- A) Uttarakhand
- B) Uttar Pradesh
- C) Jharkhand
- D) Rajasthan

87. Kuchipudi is the dance form of which state?

- a) Karnataka
- b) Kerala
- c) Tamil Nadu
- d) Andhra Pradesh

88. Weight-lifter Mirabai Chanu belongs to which Indian State?

- a) Manipur
- b) Assam
- c) Tripura
- d) Arunachal Pradesh

89. Which of the following is not a composition of Saint Tulsidas?

- a) Gitawali
- b) Kavita wali
- c) Vinay Patrika
- d) Sahitya Ratna

90. The major constituent of air is –

- a) Oxygen
- b) Carbon dioxide
- c) Nitrogen
- d) Hydrogen

91. India has –

- a) Socialistic Economy
- b) Capitalistic Economy
- c) Mixed Economy

d) Free Economy

92. Which steel sector company received the Golden Peacock Environment Management Award 2021?

a) SAIL

b) Tata Steel

c) Vedanta

d) Jindal Steel

93. Which one of the following States of India is not producing Rubber?

a) Karnataka

b) Telangana

c) Kerala

d) Tamil Nadu

94. A dispute relating to the election of the Vice-President in India is decided by the

a) President

b) Election Commission

c) Supreme Court

d) Parliament

95. Who has been recently conferred with the 29th Saraswati Samman Award?

[A] Vikram Seth

[B] Mahabaleshwar Sail

[C] Vasdev Mohi

[D] Padma Sachdev

96. Rajiv Bansal has been appointed as chairman and managing director of which Indian airline?

[A] IndiGo

[B] Air India

[C] Spice Jet

[D] Vistara

97. When is the 'World Art Day' observed every year?

[A] April 12

[B] April 14

[C] April 15

[D] April 17

98. 'Ready for Next program' is a new initiative of which telecom operator?

[A] BSNL

[B] Vi

[C] Jio

[D] Bharti Airtel

99. Dhanu Jatra is currently celebrated in which state?

[A] Odisha

[B] Telangana

[C] Jharkhand

[D] Madhya Pradesh

100. Which organisation recently conducted the biggest ever opinion poll on climate change?

[A] UNDP

[B] UNEP

[C] WTO

[D] WMO